

## **What is a Minor Amendment to a Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit?**

A "minor permit amendment" is any revision to a permit that cannot be accomplished under provisions for administrative permit amendments described above.

An application to Ecology requesting a minor permit amendment shall include the following:

- Information showing that the change in conditions will not cause the source to exceed an emissions standard established by regulation;
- Information showing that no ambient air quality standard or PSD increment will be exceeded as a result of the change;
- Information showing that the change will not adversely impact the ability of Ecology to determine compliance with an emissions standard;
- A description of the change, any emissions resulting from the change, and any new applicable requirements that will apply if the change occurs;
- The following information, if the proposed modification involves an increase in emission limits:
  - An updated "best available control technology" analysis for the affected emissions unit,
  - An ambient impact analysis,

- Applicable changes to monitoring requirements, and
- An assessment of Class I area impacts.

Ecology must provide notice to the public and affected states. The source may implement the changes addressed in the request for a minor amendment after the latest of the following events:

- Immediately after Ecology gives final approval to the amended permit, if there are no public comments on the draft amended permit; OR
- Thirty days after Ecology's final approval if there were public comments but no appeal; OR
- After EPA has notified Ecology in writing that EPA has completed its obligations under the Endangered Species Acts to consult with the U.S. Department of Fish and Wildlife and National Marine Fisheries about the permit amendment; OR
- After completion of any appeal process.

The fee schedule found in WAC 173-400-116 shall also apply.